

Europe 2016

Donald Fergusson

There was a time when we in Great Britain had politicians of standing whose depth of knowledge and range of experience led them to conclusions on which they based actions with which we could all agree and sometimes even admire.

The last who fell into this category was Winston Leonard Spencer Churchill. He had considered the matter of Europe and had reviewed the performance of the rabble of states which comprised Continental Europe during the last few centuries. They had all squabbled and argued and caused endless political disruption and a wide selection of wars. Whoever was the troublemaker, it always fell to Great Britain, sometimes with allies, to recover the heart of Europe and bring them to book at cost of British blood and money.

In addition to warring amongst themselves they had from time to time either as a solo effort or as temporary combinations tried to invade and conquer Great Britain. Six times they were successful to an extent and our country today bears the scars, structures, communications, place names and administrative remnants of their residency. That all of this was absorbed into what we understand today as being British is a wonderful tribute to the fundamental common sense of our people. We rubbed along and adopted our government by stages to establish British Parliamentary Democracy with which we feel comfortable.

Churchill was aware of all this and had taken the trouble to look at the

experience the administrative structures of the Continental Nation States. He could see that the position of a citizen of any of them was a precarious matter. Citizens had no rights as against the ruler for the time being or the administrative system. All were nazi in the sense that the administrators centrally controlled everything, for which they had a big catalogue of rules, to ensure that they and their descendants forever would have the public purse in their pockets without hindrance. They had a selection of armed forces whose sole duty it was to keep the citizenry in their place paying what they were forced to pay and doing what they were told to do. As there was more than one such force, if one of the armed forces got out of hand you could send the others to deal with them. This has happened in every one of the Continental Nation States. The administrator class in the various countries share a common goal and collaborate in its achievement despite bitter disagreements amongst themselves sometimes leading to killings. This class has more in common with its members across all Continental Nation States than with the luckless citizens they combine to rule over. The administrators and their systems are corrupt in every sense but when someone expresses the British opinion that this is wrong, they laugh, the Continental systems, they say, are different, this is how things are done here.

Churchill planned a rearrangement after World War II. He promoted the

idea of a United States of Europe which he said, Great Britain and its Empire would assist in every way they reasonably could to achieve a political stability. However, he said, that were this new entity to last a thousand years it would never come within even a scintilla of an approach to or an understanding of British Parliamentary Democracy.

In 1940 Continental Europe comprised little more than Germany. Familiar places like Denmark, Norway, France, Belgium, Luxembourg and so on, had all gone. Sweden, Finland, Switzerland Italy, European Russia and a bit of Greece were the remnants of all of them due for the chop as soon as Hitler could be bothered. With our ally Russia we stood alone.

We relied on North America for supplies we could not make. Canada was a pillar of strength. Many things were purchased from the United States but its people were not supporters of Great Britain and they did not want to get involved in what they saw as a British war. Their ambassador at the time, a supporter of Irish terrorists, gave it as his opinion that, if a European war started, he would expect Great Britain to hold out for about three weeks.

In this context, Churchill's famous speech after the Battle of Britain, 'Never have so many.....' was not understood. Had we failed to win and then hold out for eventual victory, finally with United States, the prospect for the world would have been bleak.

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Great Britain and its Empire gone, Australia, Canada, African Colonies and New Zealand holding out as best they could against a Germany with Japanese and Italian support sharing the spoils and controlling most of the world. There might have been no Pearl Harbour as it could have been deemed unnecessary as most was already won. North America with Russia confined beyond the Urals and distant Australia and New Zealand would have tried to find some kind of defensive alliance but none of it a prospect to enjoy. Churchill foresaw all of this pending nightmare and the speech celebrated the men who had created the possibility that the world, which did not get the point then and still does not, now had an opportunity to avoid it but still with much to do.

The Continental European chaos after World War I was scarifying. The appalling French behaviour at Versailles Treaty negotiations where they made the Germans pay for replacing almost every displaced brick in their entire country created the conditions which led to World War II. German recovery was slow and hard and they never forgot or forgave it. Clever Germans saw that in the event of another war they must be prepared both to win and lose. Capital was moved out of Europe to safe locations in foreign investments and they even foresaw the Marshall Plan. Key personnel started to move out of Europe in 1944 and they held meetings with their fellow travellers and collaborators who were staying in Europe in Magdeburg and Madrid. The

thesis of these meetings was that;

'We lose again so we cannot overcome Great Britain and its Allies in war. How can we otherwise defeat them? The British have two clear weaknesses, they tend to obey their Law and they like business. We will create a trans European body with rules in which we will enmesh them and we will talk about a common trading market throughout the member states of the body but we will never complete the market.'

That was said in 1944 and today it is 2016 and they are STILL talking about the single market just as they said long ago. Churchill's version of Free Trade between his intended United States of Europe and Great Britain and the Empire, had he won the 1945 General Election, would have been up and running in 1946, history would have had no record of EC, ECC or EU. As a victor in Europe, Churchill would have been able to rearrange the political matters so that for the first time European Continental citizenry would have better control of their personal affairs. He started by having Whitehall bureaucrats create a Charter of Fundamental Rights which, he intended, the new United States of Europe would embody in its Constitution. It would not be a matter for Great Britain and the Empire as our political circumstances already gave British Subjects rights. Sadly, Churchill lost the election and all of the plans came to nought. The countries we had liberated with our allies Russia and the United States re-emerged and

in the vacuum of control after the election their old administrators, long skilled in political machinations, took control.

The Continental European administrative class is a strong cohesive group most of whom hate Great Britain and its Empire virulently. One lot hate us because by defeating their hero, Hitler, we deprived them and their descendants of a lifetime of free pillaging and rapine amongst their people. Another lot are convinced that we still have an Empire and that remaining renaming it as a Commonwealth is a chimera. They cannot imagine that free nations would voluntarily combine with their former Colonial masters in any kind of enterprise. This is partly because in all of their circumstances where they had colonies, their former colonies detest them. Amongst this class we have no friends.

However, it has to be said that amongst the people of Europe matters are different, we do have friends. There are those who are very appreciative that we recovered their countries, homes and lives for them to enjoy. Some families and individuals on the Continent spend their personal time tending the graves of British, British Commonwealth and Allied dead. The Remembrance ceremonies they continue to attend every year and the welcome they accord to veterans of the conflict speak volumes. This is where the true Europe can be found and if the cancer at its heart the European Union, is extirpated along with its administrators then I believe that there is a future for all of us to enjoy.

EU hauliers may be allowed to sue the UK

Amongst the many current examples of the EU interfering in British laws, a current one stands out.

In 2014 Britain introduced an HGV levy which tries to ensure foreign lorries pay a fair fee to use the UK road network.

However, the superior European

Commission has ruled against the UK's £10-a-day "road user levy" and has threatened to sue the UK. This is the first step in a legal procedure that could force the UK government to pay back tens of millions of pounds to foreign haulage companies.

The case will go to the EU's

European Court of Justice. If it rules against the UK, we could have to repay £93 million raised from the levy with interest: that's enough for a brand new hospital. We would also lose out on all future revenues from the scheme, which would cost the UK Treasury hundreds of millions of pounds.

The real referendum question

Anthony Coughlan

The overriding impression I have is that while the Remain side has been seeking to scare people about the economic and trade effects of “Brexit” and the Leave side has been seeking to emphasise immigration, the theme which resonate with most voters on both sides does not seem to be highlighted - namely, who makes the laws and decides most policies for the British people: the MPs they elect and whom they can get rid of, or committees run by continentals in Brussels whom they cannot control?

This of course is the theme of national independence and national democracy as against European Union supranational control. It subsumes the issues of trade, immigration and everything else. It is hard to imagine that if this question can be put to people amid all the referendum noise, most voters would not prefer to be ruled by people who are responsible to them rather than to Merkel, Hollande, Juncker, Draghi and Co.

In 2015 EUR-lex indicated that there were over 134,000 EU rules, international agreements and legal acts binding on and affecting citizens across the EU. These included 1,842 EU directives, 11,547 Regulations,

18,545 Decisions, 15,023 EU Court verdicts and 62,397 international standards from such bodies as CEN, Cenelec and the Codex Alimentarius which the EU has signed up to and which are therefore binding on all EU members (See Eur-lex search results, 23rd March 2015. See entry under “Number of Laws” in the EU lexicon EUABC.com for details.)

Are the British people to obey the EU Treaties or the laws made by their own Parliament which they elect? This after all is the fundamental choice that confronts voters in this referendum: self-rule or foreign rule, national democracy or rule by continental bureaucrats.

Surely the basic issue before UK voters is this: Do you support democracy or not? Do you want Britain to be an independent State or a Franco-German satellite? You lose Power, Control, Money, Jobs by voting Remain etc.

I have no doubt that many “Brexiters” are seeking to highlight this choice, while David Cameron and the Remain side are desperately anxious to obscure it. But to this outsider at least it seems to be the key to the referendum. If the Leave side

should lose, this will still remain the central issue of British politics for the foreseeable future - as it is already the central issue indeed for people in every EU country.

Finally, a point based on our experience in several Irish EU-related referendums: The intelligence services of various foreign powers are very anxious that the UK stay in the EU. In the various Irish EU-related referendums the EU-critical side experienced all sorts of curious things happening to their computers and data bases in the final weeks of referendum campaigns. It is prudent also that people are alert to the security of ballot boxes and the like, so as to safeguard against possible abuse following the vote. When big issues are at stake, strange things can sometimes happen.

The 300 or so pages of the EU Treaties, together with an invaluable Index which enables people to find how they themselves are affected by them, may be downloaded from EUABC.com, edited by former Danish MEP and EU-critic Jens-Peter Bonde.

Anthony Coughlan, Director, The National Platform EU Research and Information Centre, Dublin, Ireland

The Five Presidents Report

What new powers does the EU want?

In June 2015 the Commission published, what has been called; ‘The Five Presidents Report’ - which is actually called “Completing Europe’s Economic and Monetary Union”.

This document - which prepares the way for a new Treaty - commits the EU to the creation of a ‘genuine Economic Union’, a ‘Financial Union’, a ‘Fiscal Union’ and a ‘Political Union’ by 2025.

This fiscal union will apply to the UK should it still be a member. Furthermore, it states that ‘much can be achieved through a deepening of the Single Market’ and the report reveals

that, this is just another disguised power grab, aiming for the ‘deeper integration of national labour markets’, greater ‘coordination of social security systems’, and harmonising ‘insolvency law’, ‘company law’ and ‘property rights’.

The integration planned for the Eurozone will not suit the UK. As the Eurozone ‘political union’ is created, the 19 euro countries, which now have a permanent qualified majority in the Council of Ministers, will increasingly vote as a bloc and push through legislation which suits their interests.

The report also proposes abolishing the UK’s representation on key

international bodies where global regulations and standards are increasingly set, to allow the EU to speak ‘with one voice on the global stage’. It singles out the IMF as one such example.

Not surprisingly, the European Commission is claiming that the only solution to the Eurozone crisis is ‘more Europe’. It even claims that the euro ‘is a successful and stable currency’.

The EU also has its official timetable for another Treaty soon after our referendum which will transfer more power to Brussels. There is therefore, no status quo in remaining a member of the EU.

What about immigration?

Lord Vinson of Roddam Dene (Con): *Asked* Her Majesty's Government, in the light of net immigration continuing at over 300,000 people per year, and the latest Office for National Statistics projections indicating an increase in the United Kingdom population, including births, of 500,000 per year for the next six years, what plans they have to limit immigration and to build more hospitals, schools, housing and prisons to meet an increase in demand.

The Advocate-General for Scotland (Lord Keen of Elie) (Con): My Lords, the Government recognise that mass immigration can increase population pressures.

That is why we are seeking to reduce net migration to a sustainable level, from the hundreds of thousands to the tens of thousands. The Government are committed to a significant programme of investment in our public services. Taken together, these steps and future measures will ensure that there is adequate provision.

Lord Vinson (Con): I thank the Minister for his somewhat sanguine reply. Would he also agree, though, that the million or so refugees whom Angela Merkel has accepted will soon have the right to come here, and the Turks could be next, adding to the overload on our hospitals, schools and houses, greatly to the detriment of our existing population?

Is he also surprised that the effect of uncontrolled immigration from the EU on the stability of our nation and on the welfare of working people appears not

to be of concern, with very few exceptions, to the Labour Party?

Lord Keen of Elie: My Lords, the Government are completely reforming the immigration system, cutting abuse and focusing on attracting the brightest and the best. Since 2010, reforms have cut abuse in the student and family visa systems and raised standards in the work routes. In addition, of course, our recent negotiations in Europe have brought to fruition the provision of new settlement agreements for EU migrants, with the requirement for a seven-year emergency brake being in place.

Lord Harris of Haringey (Lab): My Lords, the Minister has told us how wonderful the Government's investment in public services is - apparently to meet all the concerns of the noble Lord, Lord Vinson.

Could he then explain, for example, why there is a shortage of primary school places in London, why our health service in so many areas is in crisis and why there is a problem with social care beds becoming unviable? Why is all that happening if the Government's policies towards the public services have been so benign?

Lord Keen of Elie: It takes time to recover from the experience that we had up until 2010, but major steps are being taken. The Government are committed to investing £7 billion in school places by 2021, to increasing NHS funding in England by £10 billion in real terms by 2020 and to investing £20 billion in housing in the next five years, including £8 billion in affordable housing.

Lord Paddick (LD): My Lords, that is all very well, but clearly, as the noble Lord, Lord Harris of Haringey, said, it is not sufficient. Can the Minister tell the House why the Government are not building more new hospitals, schools and houses, using the additional income they are receiving from foreign workers, who are paying significant sums in income tax and national insurance?

Lord Keen of Elie: As I stated a moment ago, very considerable sums are being expended in these areas.

Indeed, we expect to deliver 600,000 new school places by 2021.

Lord Tebbit (Con): My Lords, has my noble and learned friend had any success in establishing a bipartisan policy towards reducing immigration to tens of thousands a year? Or are the Opposition dedicated to an open door to let more and more and more migrants in, with no idea of how we shall pay not just for the schools and the hospitals but for the roads, the waterworks, the power stations and everything else? Whose side does my noble and learned friend think the Opposition are on - the British people or the foreigners?

Lord Keen of Elie: I believe that all Members of this House recognise the importance of a controlled migration system that brings us the best and is the best for this country. Only by means of a controlled migration system can we have an effective, workable society that is integrated and settled.

Source: House of Lords Hansard 10th May 2016

Lessons from Norway

The 'Fear Tactics' employed by the government and the large institutions appear to follow a pattern established when Norway had a referendum as to whether it should join the EU. It was the political elite in Norway that wished to join.

The citizens of tiny Norway were

told that unless they joined the EU their currency would be devalued, they would lose 150,000 jobs and the cost of food would increase.

What happened? After the first year of rejecting EU membership they had cheaper food, an increase of 10,000 jobs and the currency increased.

Here in the UK we are now being subjected to those same 'Fear Tactics' that unless we remain inside the EU, we lose jobs, food prices increase and the currency will crash.

Staying in does not guarantee safety, any more than out, in many ways it is more dangerous.

BOOK REVIEWS

Derek Stirling

Why the referendum matters

This book lays out in clear simple terms the real issues that the UK has to face now and in the future in terms of the economy, immigration energy supply, infrastructure, manufacturing and the need for true democracy.

He argues that the only way to control these issues is an independent self-governing nation.

In distinct chapters full of facts and well constructed details, he lays out where we are now; financial consequences of leave or remain; trade; energy and the environment; the service industry; defence and security.

In an interesting chapter on the 'Financial Consequences of Leave/Remain' he sets out in detail the financial consequences he predicates for both options.

Important issues like the cost of the Single Market, Trade agreements, the Commonwealth, the effect on the UK of the EU regulations and directives

Britain's Referendum Decision and its Effects by Stephen Bush

Technomika
Pbk 268 pp 2016

Available from
The June Press
Price £8.99 + 10% p&p)
(see back cover)

ISBN 978-0-9931108-9-4

and their implications for the future are also covered.

The fact that the European Union is not at its final destination, but still advancing in its power and influence over the current 28 member states as well as its desire to absorb more nation states in order to be a world power must not be forgotten.

He concludes by explaining his fully worked out and detailed Brexit plan for

a future outside the EU, not forgetting the controversial EU passport that makes the UK citizens nationals of the EU.

The question as he puts it is whether the UK tackles the problems it faces as a powerful self-governing country once again - completely free to make agreements with other countries - or as one part of a European Union of (currently) 28 countries with its own problems of jobs, migration, security and economic uncertainty.

What is certain is that no matter if the UK does decide to leave the EU as a result of the vote on the 23rd June 2016, in very few areas will the immediate effect be apparent as the changes will only take over a number of years.

This book is a must read for all those who need to fully understand the implications of the EU referendum and will allow them to make an informed decision.

Interesting observations

In a funny and witty way this book charts the progress of the EU and some interesting British events from January 2008 up to December 2015. This work is a follow up to his earlier book "The View From Here" which covered the period 2001 to 2007. They are a collection of short articles originally published in the weekly *Trago Column* that appeared in thirty or so South West England newspapers.

Interestingly it starts in 2008 with information on the cost to the UK of the migrant influx, before moving on to items like disturbances regarding the loss of a chunk of UK sovereignty in the European Parliament and standing for the European anthem, which although filmed by the media including

Elephant In The Room by David Challice

Vista Paperback 311pp 2016

Available from
The June Press
Price £6.50 + 10% p&p)
(see back cover)

ISBN 978-0-9558091-1-8

the BBC did not get shown to the British public.

In a number of articles it shows how the drive to get the UK into the euro by European bureaucrats and many UK politicians has continued regardless of

public opinion.

However, it also contains many funny articles on events within the UK that demonstrate just how out of touch with the British people and their views about the world that our own government is guilty of.

In one of his final articles in December 2015 entitled "The Magic Roundabout" he makes an interesting observation about war and the revolving door syndrome.

This book is enlightening and funny at the same time whilst being informative regarding the political situation that the UK has found itself in.

Furthermore, it leads one to come to the conclusion that we will be better off outside the constraints of the EU.

LETTERS

Tel: 08456 120 175 email: eurofacts@junepress.com

We need to stay independent

Dear Sir,

We suffered two world wars to stay free from domination by others we want - and need - to stay that way!

Do you know that business's, post office closures, V.A.T., Fuel taxes, farming, immigration and policing are all affected by the EU!

Nobody has any say in where, they were born, so this is not a racial tirade, but we now have to accept people from Europe without recourse; whether they are extremist fanatics intending to do us harm, or rogue's escaping the justice of their own country!

Now we can only control the people of the Commonwealth. The very people who fought to keep the "mother Country" free! Furthermore, this little island is like a boat that is being overloaded to the point where it will sink! Not into the sea, but in nationality. I know we are already, to some extent, a diverse nationality and have some lovely people of many nations and colours amongst us. The present influx is damaging them as much as anyone else! In the past people from other lands have been absorbed into our way of life. Now we are being absorbed into their customs and ways!

Edward Heath admitted that he told lies thereby betraying the dead and maimed and dragging us into expensive European control!

We are told that we need the EU so that we can trade with Europe, but we bought china and glass from Czechoslovakia, butter from Holland, bacon from Denmark and toys from Germany, etc, etc before the EU.

Europe will trade with us and we with them if each has what the other needs!

HARRY ASHBEE
Suffolk

The EU is a failing institution

Dear Sir,

An important question which has seen

little discussion in the referendum debate so far is whether the EU itself will still exist in 10-20 years time. It is afflicted now by four major and possibly existential crises. EU leaders seem woefully incapable of coping with any of them.

The Migrant Crisis - Hundreds of thousands of migrants have poured through the open borders of the Schengen Area, with minimal checks - refugees, economic migrants and terrorists alike. The EU can only watch the Schengen free movement area slowly and painfully collapse, while desperate people are stranded all over the Balkans. The agreement with Turkey seems to have slowed the flow temporarily, but at the price of visa-free access to the EU for 80 million Turks. It will collapse as soon as they try to decide which countries will take all the Syrian migrants accepted from Turkey, in exchange for those returned from Greece.

The Security Crisis - James Clapper, US Director of National Intelligence, has said that ISIL has been able to infiltrate EU countries, including Britain, by taking advantage of Europe's porous borders. Two of the terrorists implicated in the Paris attack came in with migrants through Greece. The head of Europol, Rob Wainwright, has said that up to 5,000 ISIS fighters are already back in Europe. Those migrants granted asylum in the EU will eventually qualify for EU citizenship, and have the right to come to Britain, as do 500 million other EU citizens. As ISIS is pushed back militarily, it is increasing its terrorist attacks on the West. EU intelligence services and police cannot cope. The EU is a source of weakness in security, not of strength.

The Financial Crisis - Anyone who thinks that the last Greek bailout solved the Eurozone problem wasn't paying attention. The next bailout tranche is already under discussion. The Eurozone has brought stagnation and very high unemployment to Greece and many other members. The

Commission's solution is the Five Presidents Report, leading to a common finance ministry, permanent fiscal transfers between rich and poor countries, and jointly guaranteed Eurobonds. Germany will never accept this, so stalemate will prevail, yet again. The Euro will stagger on until reality can no longer be ignored.

The Unemployment Crisis - A CIVITAS study in July 2015 revealed that for the whole 21 years of the single market, EU countries have consistently had much higher total unemployment, long-term unemployment and youth unemployment than comparable Western countries. Currently, youth unemployment is 24% in France, 37% in Italy, 45% in Spain, and 52% in Greece.

The EU has failed a whole generation. If the EU cannot provide its youth with a future, what is it for?

The EU Cannot Cope - Today the EU increasingly looks like the past. Born in the 50s to deal with problems of the 40s, its bureaucratic, consensus-bound and lumbering structures cannot cope with rapid change and the geopolitical risks of today. It disdains democracy, so cannot build popular support. Commission President Jean Claude Juncker has said "There can be no democratic decision against the EU treaties". The EU tries to resolve modern crises of migration and economic stagnation by following a plan from the 40s, namely its cherished "ever-closer union". It takes more and more power from the nation states, but is incapable of using that power. Its solutions never work. Would Europe's migration crisis have developed in 28 independent countries - if the Schengen Area had not created a vast honey pot for refugees, economic migrants and terrorists alike? Would Europe be stagnating without the Euro?

The EU Offers No Future - The EU offers no prosperous or secure future. Not to us. Not to anyone.

KEN WORTHY
Surrey

MEETINGS

Grassroots Out

www.grassrootsout.co.uk

(Or GO for short! The national, cross-party, grassroots campaign to leave the EU.)

For all those who need information about the UK/EU situation

"Have a number of public events throughout the next few days before the EU Referendum on the 23rd June."

Further details contact Grassroots Out directly.

Leave.eu
www.leave.eu

For all those who need information about the UK/EU situation

"Have a number of public events throughout the next few days before the EU Referendum on the 23rd June."

Further details contact Leave.eu directly.

Vote Leave
www.voteleavetakecontrol.org

For all those who need information about the UK/EU situation

"Have a number of public events throughout the next few days before the EU Referendum on the 23rd June."

Further details contact Vote Leave directly.

Bruges Group
020 7287 4414

Monday 13th June, 7.00 pm

"Leaving the EU: The spark we need to re-energise our nation"

David Nuttall MP, *Chairman of the Parliamentary Better Off Out group*
Rt Hon Lord Owen, *SDP Founder and former Foreign Secretary*
Andrew Rosindell MP

PUBLIC MEETING
Royal Over-Seas League, Royal Over-Seas House, 6 Park Place, St James's Street, London SW1A 1LR
Admission £10
(Includes refreshments)

Gresham College
020 7831 0575

Tuesday 14th June, 6.00 pm

"Big Data: The Broken Promise of Anonymisation"

Martyn Thomas, *IT Livery Company Professor of Information Technology*

PUBLIC MEETING
Museum of London, London Wall, London EC2
Admission Free

Gresham College
020 7831 0575

Thursday 16th June, 6.00 pm

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Professor Sir Richard Evans FBA, *Provost of Gresham College*

PUBLIC MEETING
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2017
Malta takes over EU Council Presidency **1st January**

UK takes over EU Council Presidency **1st July**

2018
Estonia takes over EU Council Presidency **1st January**

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British Constitution Group
www.britishconstitutiongroup.com

British Weights & Measures Assoc.
www.bwmaonline.com

Bruges Group
www.brugesgroup.com

Campaign Against Euro-Federalism
www.caef.org.uk

Campaign for an Independent Britain
www.campaignforanindependentbritain.org.uk

Conservatives for Britain
www.conservativesforbritain.org

Democracy Movement
www.democracymovement.org.uk

English Constitution Group
www.englishconstitutiongroup.org

EU Observer
www.euobserver.com

EU Truth
www.eutruth.org.uk

European Commission (London)
www.cec.org.uk

European Foundation
www.europeanfoundation.org

EU Referendum Campaign
www.eureferendumcampaign.com

Freedom Association
www.tfa.net

Futurus
www.futurus-thinktank.com

Global Britain
www.globalbritain.org

Global Vision
www.global-vision.net

GrassRootsOut
www.grassrootsout.co.uk

June Press (Publications)
www.junepress.com

Labour Euro-Safeguards Campaign
www.lesc.org.uk

Labour for a Referendum
www.labourforareferendum.com

Leave.eu
www.Leave.eu

New Alliance
www.newalliance.org.uk

Open Europe
www.openeurope.org.uk

Sovereignty
www.sovereignty.org.uk

Statawatch
www.statawatch.org

Team
www.teameurope.info

The Taxpayers' Alliance
www.taxpayersalliance.com

United Kingdom Independence Party
www.ukip.org

Vote Leave
www.voteleavetakecontrol.org

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Why Britain Should Leave the EU

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